



# Establishing Serial Point-to-Point Connections





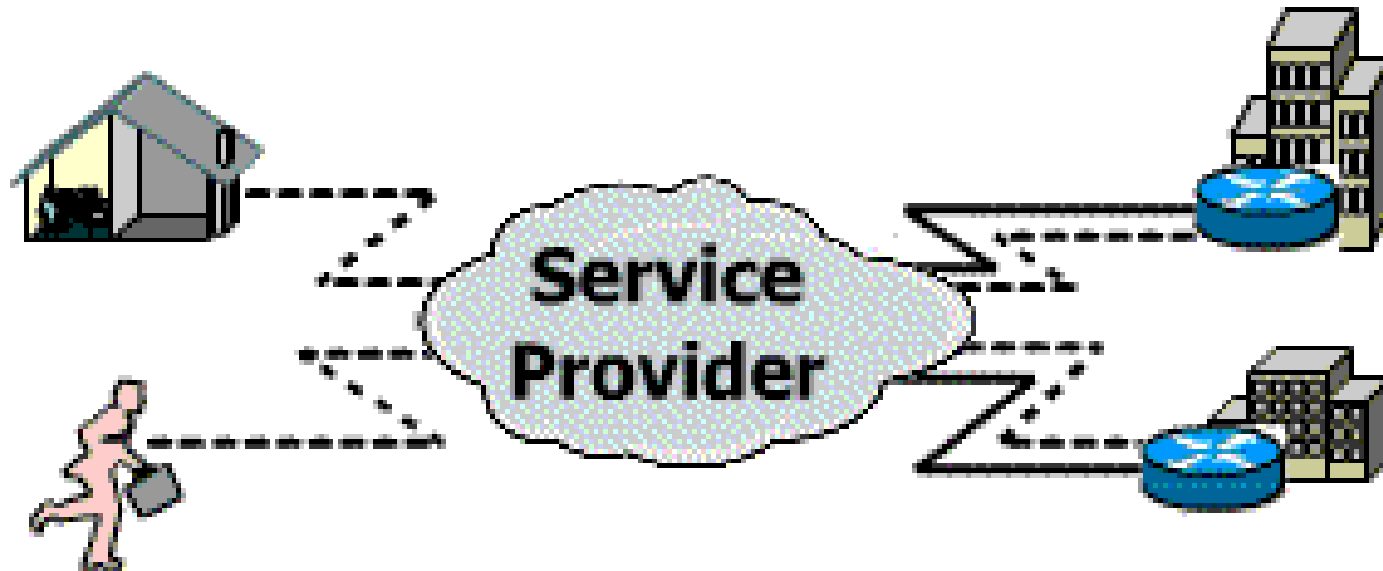


# Objectives

**Upon completion of this chapter, you will be able to perform the following tasks:**

- **Configure HDLC and PPP protocols on a serial WAN connection**
- **Configure PAP and CHAP authentication on a PPP connection**
- **Verify proper point-to-point HDLC and PPP configuration**

# WAN Overview



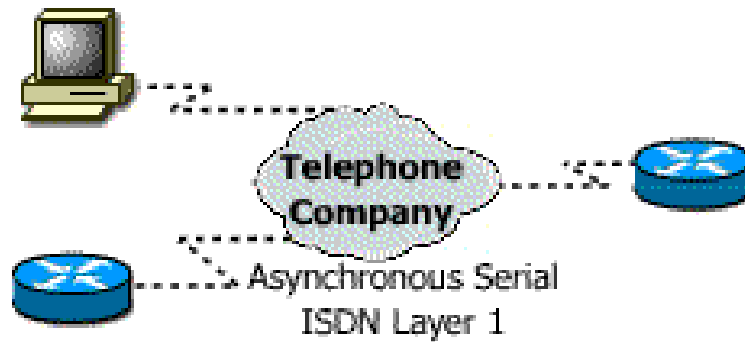
- **WANs connect sites**
- **Connection requirements vary depending on user requirements and cost**

# WAN Connection Types: Layer 1

**Leased Line**



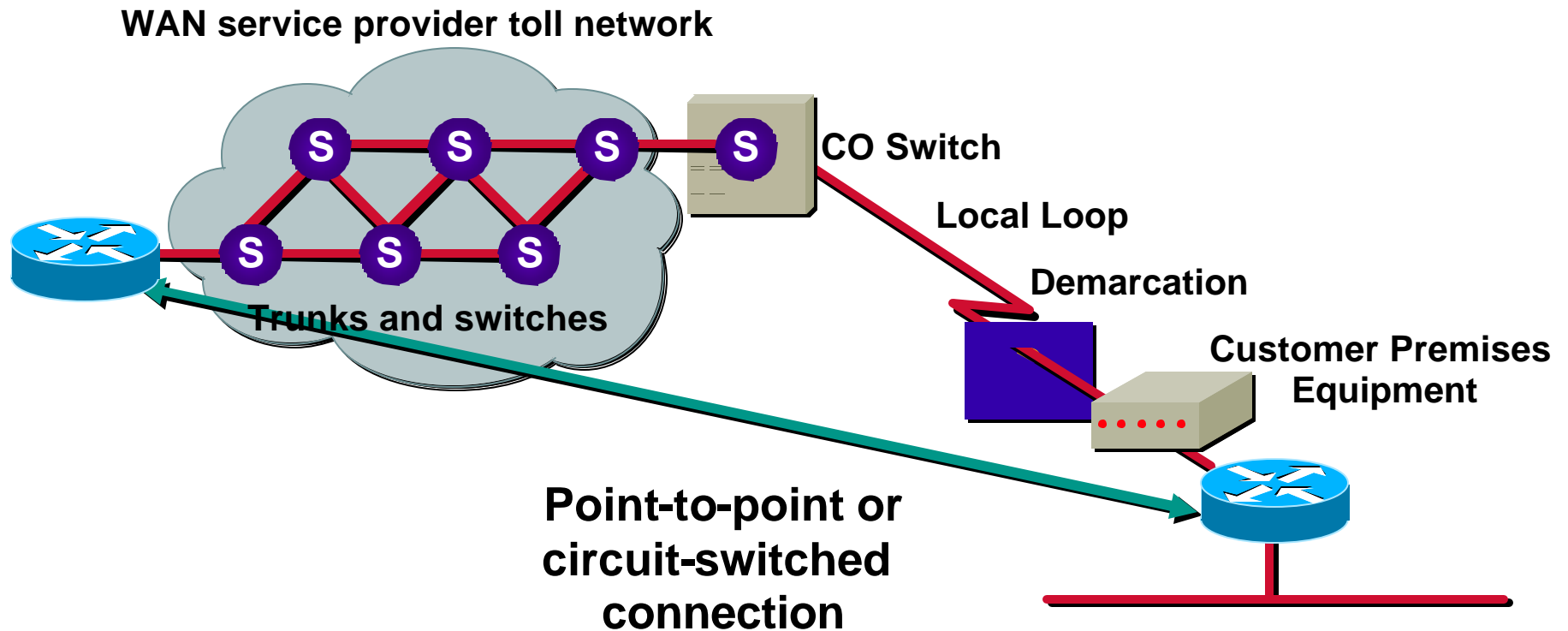
**Circuit-switched**



**Packet-switched**



# Interfacing WAN Service Providers

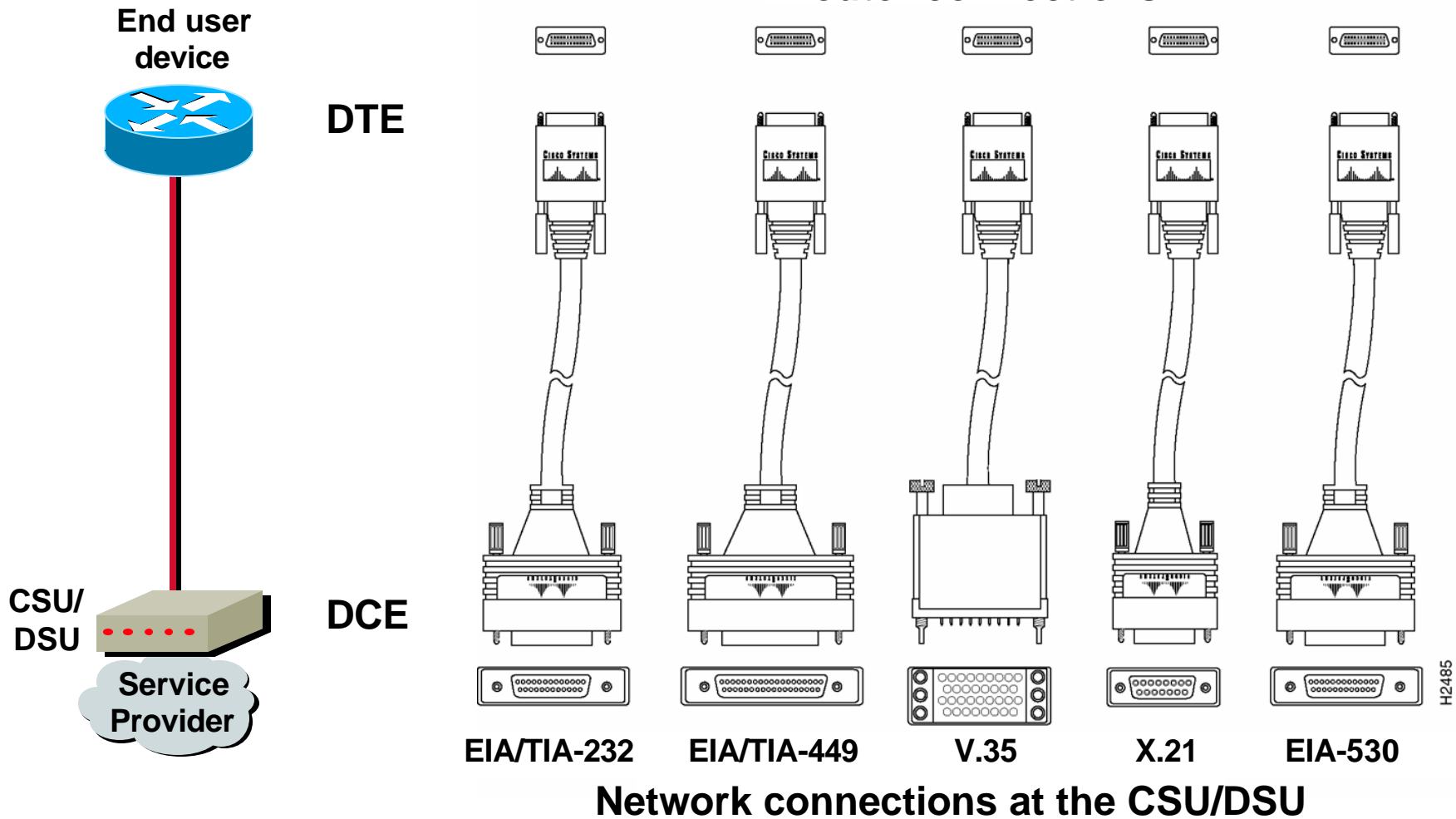


**Provider assigns connection parameters to subscriber**



# Serial Point-to-Point Connections

## Router connections

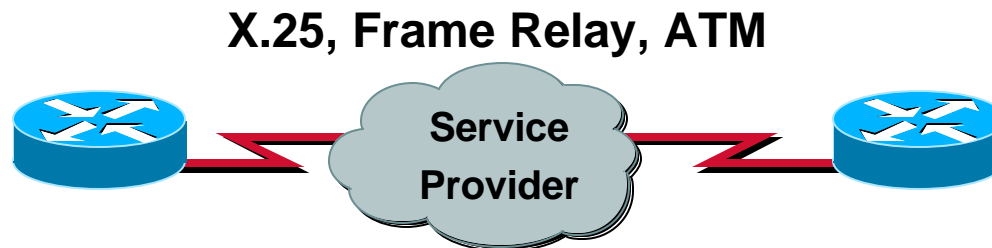


# Typical WAN Encapsulation Protocols: Layer 2

Leased Line



Packet-switched



Circuit-switched





# HDLC Frame Format

## Cisco HDLC



- Cisco's HDLC has a proprietary data field to support multiprotocol environments

## HDLC



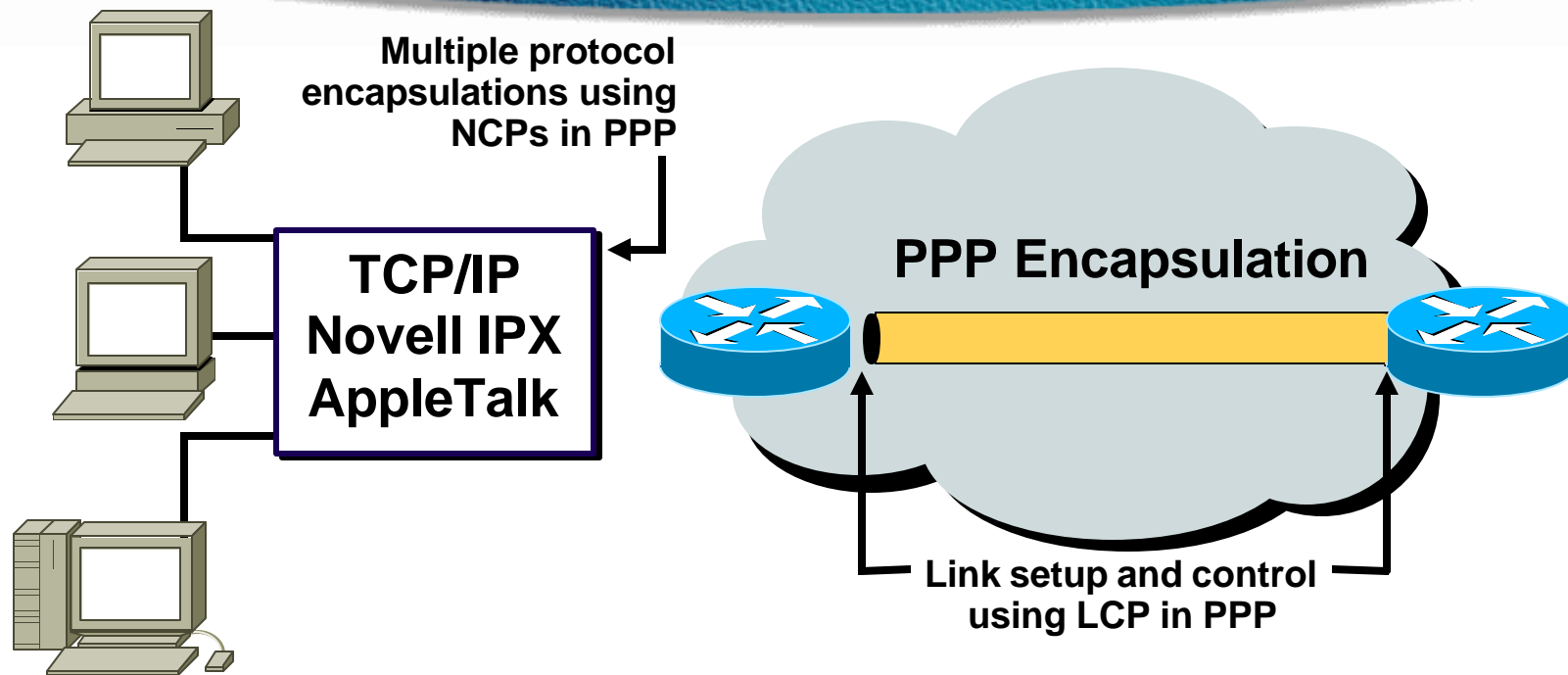
- Supports only single protocol environments

# HDLC Command

```
Router(config-if)#encapsulation hdlc
```

- Enable hdlc encapsulation
- HDLC is the default encapsulation on synchronous serial interfaces

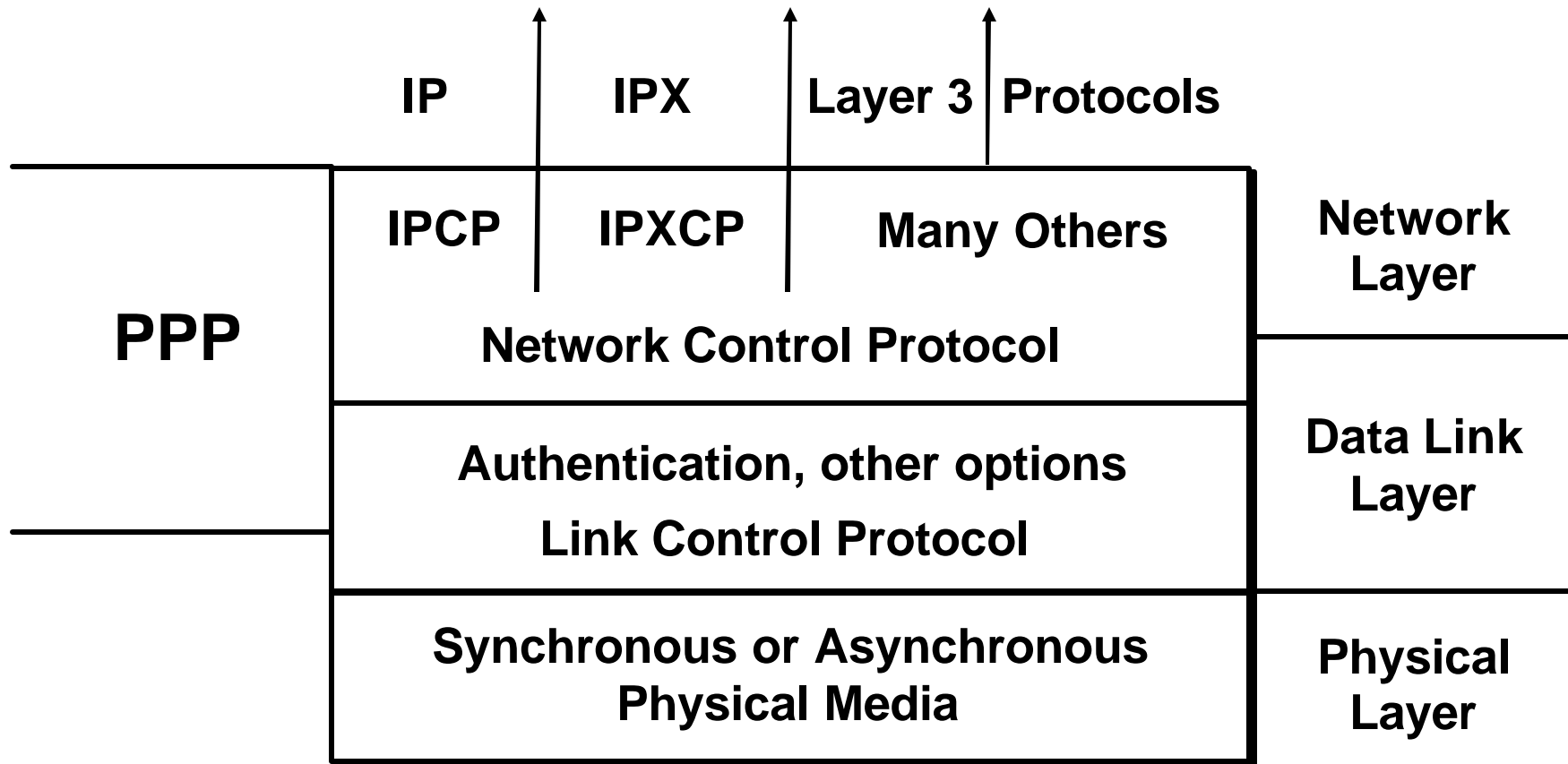
# An Overview of PPP



- PPP can carry packets from several protocol suites using Network Control Programs
- PPP controls the setup of several link options using LCP



# Layering PPP Elements

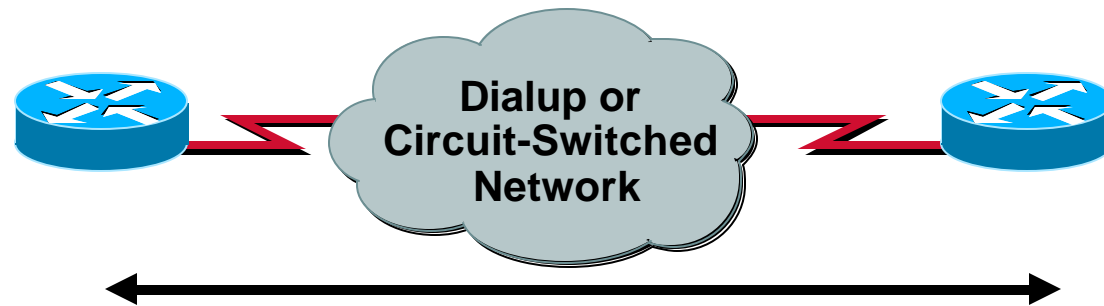


**PPP—A data link with network-layer services**

# PPP LCP Configuration Options

<b>Feature</b>	<b>How It Operates</b>	<b>Protocol</b>
<b>Authentication</b>	<b>Require a password Perform Challenge Handshake</b>	<b>PAP CHAP</b>
<b>Compression</b>	<b>Compress data at source; reproduce data at destination</b>	<b>Stacker or Predictor</b>
<b>Error Detection</b>	<b>Monitor data dropped on link Avoid frame looping</b>	<b>Quality Magic Number</b>
<b>Multilink</b>	<b>Load balancing across multiple links</b>	<b>Multilink Protocol (MP)</b>

# PPP Authentication Overview



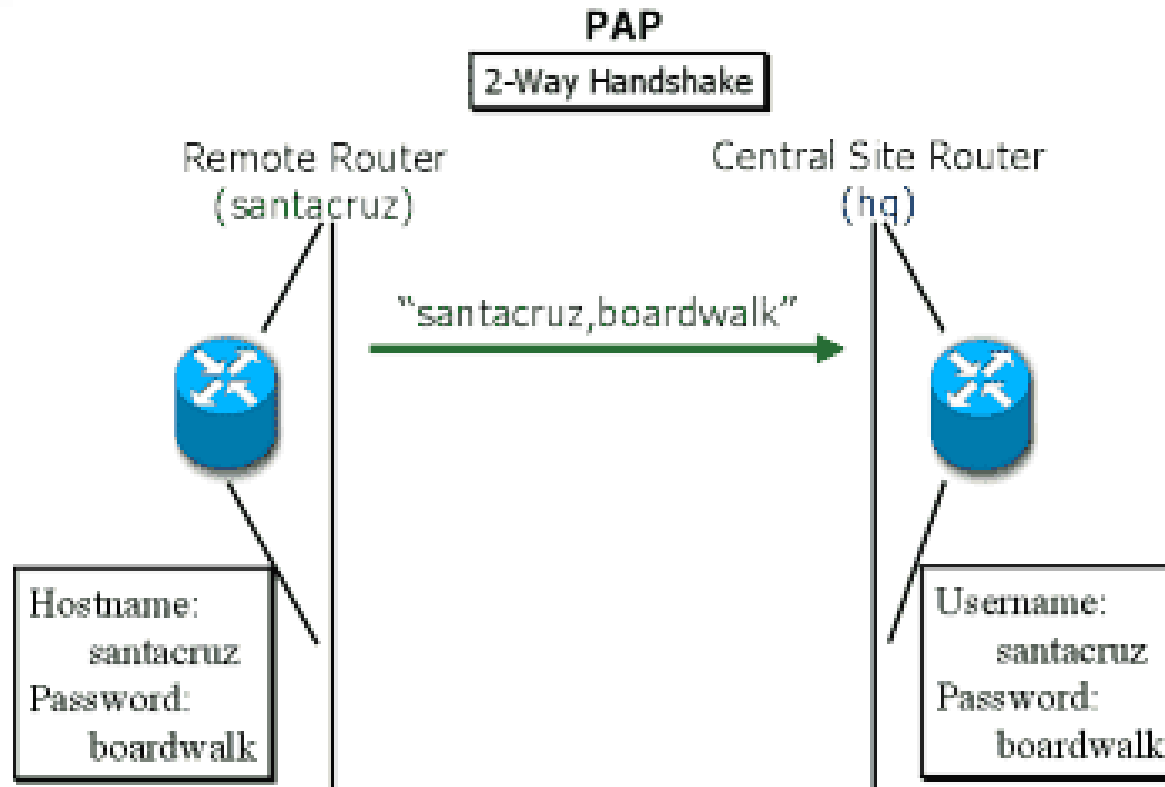
## PPP Session Establishment

- 1 Link Establishment Phase
- 2 **Optional Authentication Phase**
- 3 Network-Layer Protocol Phase

**Two PPP authentication protocols:  
PAP and CHAP**

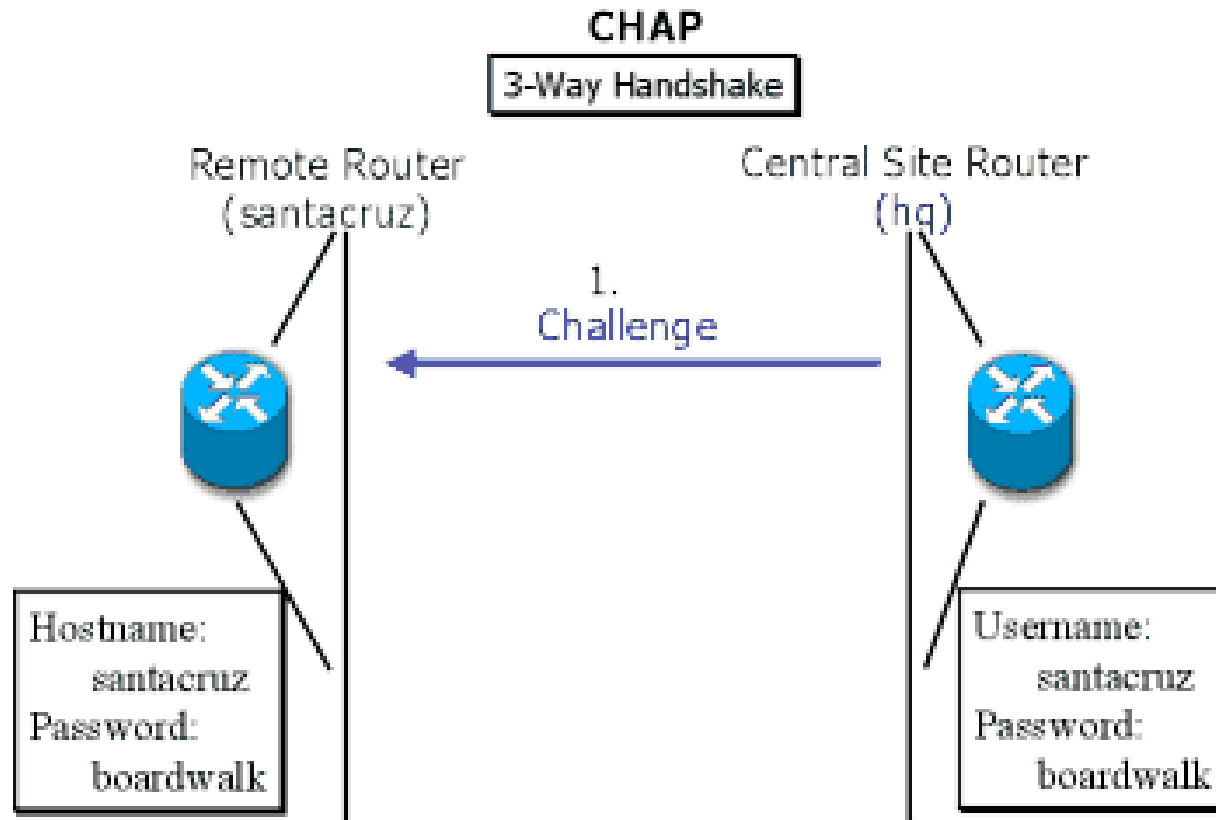


# Selecting a PPP Authentication Protocol



- **Passwords sent in clear text**
- **Peer in control of attempts**

# Selecting a PPP Authentication Protocol (cont.)



**Use “secret” known only to authenticator and peer**


# Configuring PPP and Authentication Overview



## Enabling PPP

 **ppp encapsulation**




## Enabling PPP Authentication

 **hostname**  
 **username / password**  
 **ppp authentication**

## Enabling PPP

 **ppp encapsulation**

## Enabling PPP Authentication

 **hostname**  
 **username / password**  
 **ppp authentication**



# Configuring PPP

```
Router(config-if)#encapsulation ppp
```

- Enable PPP encapsulation

# Configuring PPP Authentication

```
Router(config)#hostname name
```

- Assigns a host name to your router

```
Router(config)#username name password password
```

- Identifies the username and password of authenticating router

# Configuring PPP Authentication (cont.)

```
Router(config-if)#ppp authentication  
{chap | chap pap | pap chap | pap}
```

- Enables PAP and/or CHAP authentication

# Configuring CHAP Example



```
hostname left
username right password someone
!
int serial 0
 ip address 10.0.1.1 255.255.255.0
 encapsulation ppp
 ppp authentication CHAP
```

```
hostname right
username left password someone
!
int serial 0
 ip address 10.0.1.2 255.255.255.0
 encapsulation ppp
 ppp authentication CHAP
```



# Verifying HDLC and PPP Encapsulation Configuration

```
Router#show interface s0
Serial0 is up, line protocol is up
Hardware is HD64570
Internet address is 10.140.1.2/24
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1544 Kbit, DLY 20000 usec, rely 255/255, load 1/255
Encapsulation PPP, loopback not set, keepalive set (10 sec)
LCP Open
Open: IPCP, CDPCP
Last input 00:00:05, output 00:00:05, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
Queueing strategy: fifo
Output queue 0/40, 0 drops; input queue 0/75, 0 drops
5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
 38021 packets input, 5656110 bytes, 0 no buffer
 Received 23488 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
 0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
 38097 packets output, 2135697 bytes, 0 underruns
 0 output errors, 0 collisions, 6045 interface resets
 0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
 482 carrier transitions
 DCD=up DSR=up DTR=up RTS=up CTS=up
```

# Verifying PPP Authentication with the *debug ppp authentication* Command



```
4d20h: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial0, changed state to up
4d20h: Se0 PPP: Treating connection as a dedicated line
4d20h: Se0 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING, by both
4d20h: Se0 CHAP: O CHALLENGE id 2 len 28 from "left"
4d20h: Se0 CHAP: I CHALLENGE id 3 len 28 from "right"
4d20h: Se0 CHAP: O RESPONSE id 3 len 28 from "left"
4d20h: Se0 CHAP: I RESPONSE id 2 len 28 from "right"
4d20h: Se0 CHAP: O SUCCESS id 2 len 4
4d20h: Se0 CHAP: I SUCCESS id 3 len 4
4d20h: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0, changed state to up
```

***debug ppp authentication* successful CHAP output**