



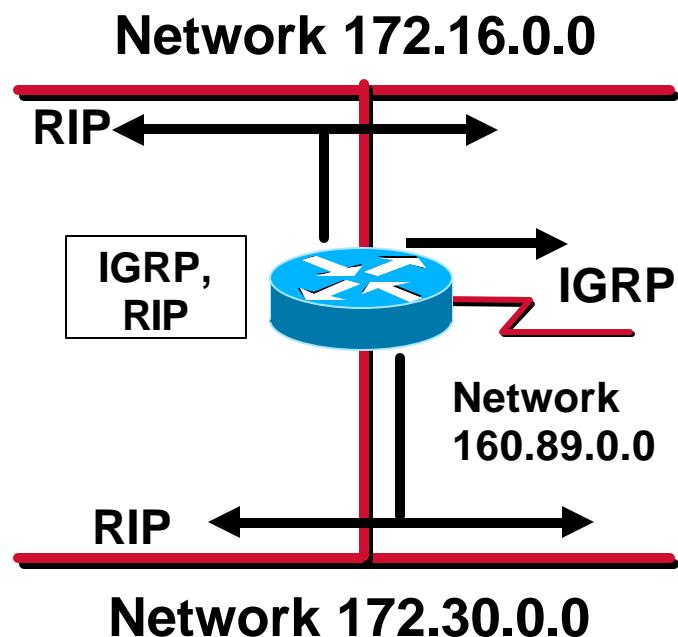
Distance vector Routing protocols



IP Routing Configuration Tasks

Router configuration

- Select routing protocols
- Specify networks or interfaces



Dynamic Routing Configuration

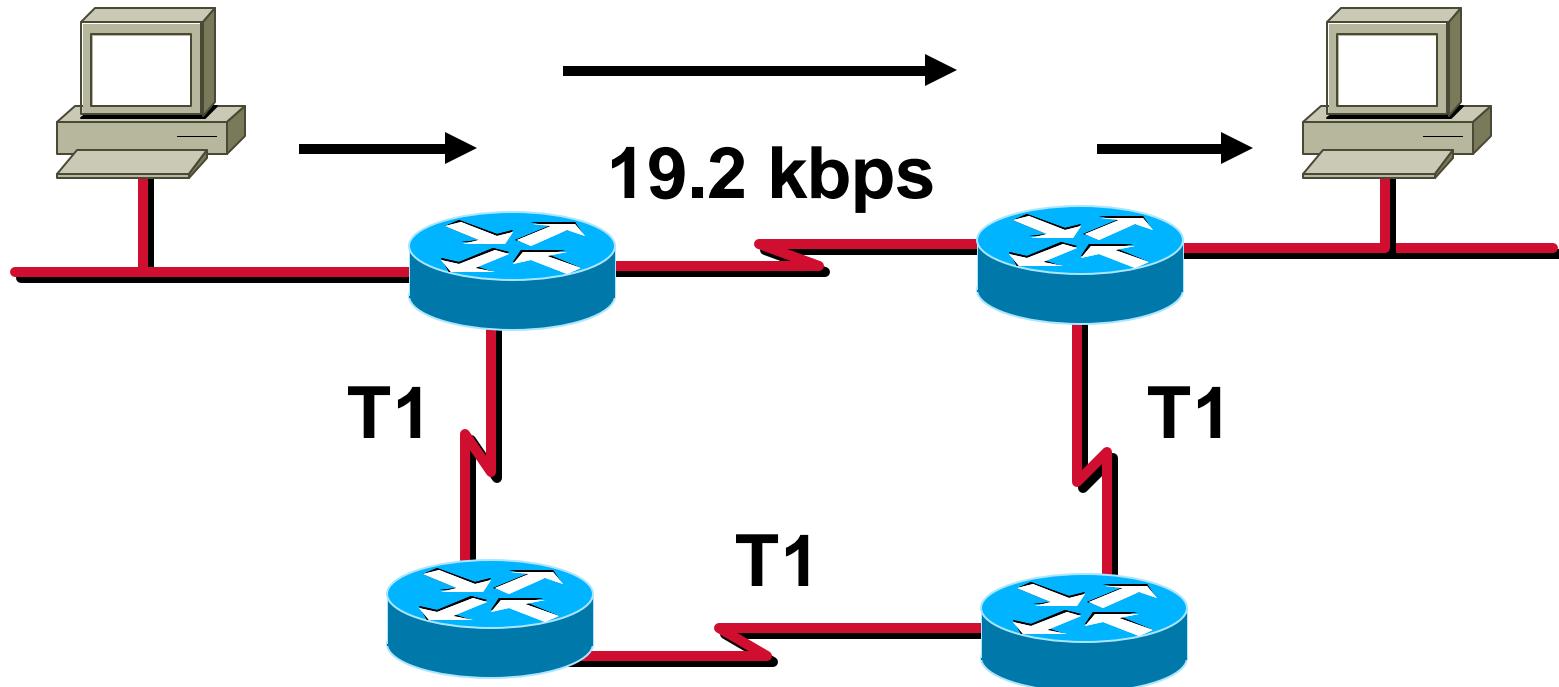
Router(config)#router *protocol [keyword]*

- Defines an IP routing protocol

Router(config-router)#network *network-number*

- Mandatory configuration command for each IP routing process
- Identifies the physically connected network that routing updates are forwarded to

RIP Overview



- Maximum six paths (default = 4)
- Hop count metric selects the path
- Routes update every 30 seconds

RIP Configuration

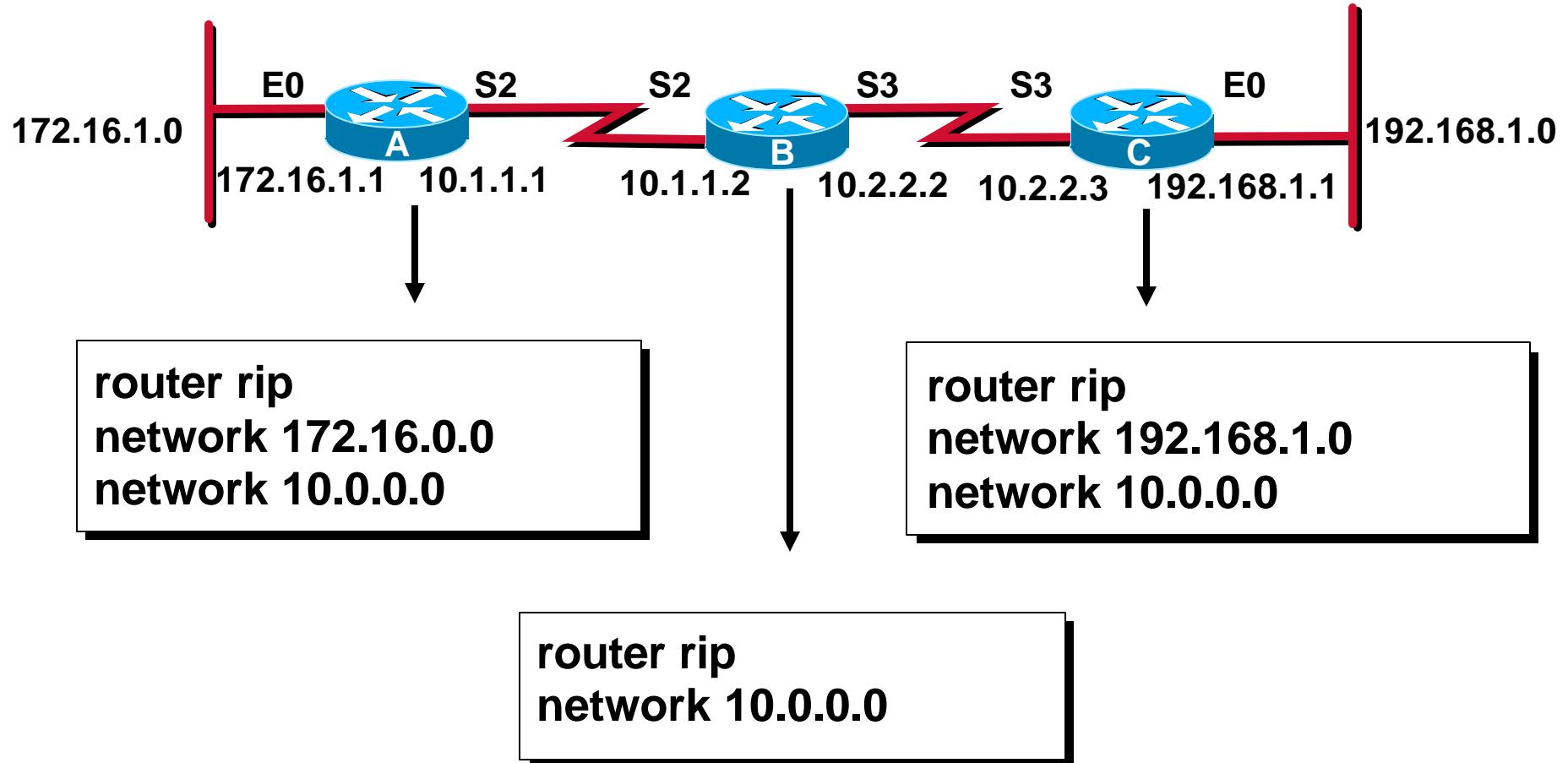
Router(config)#router rip

- Starts the RIP routing process

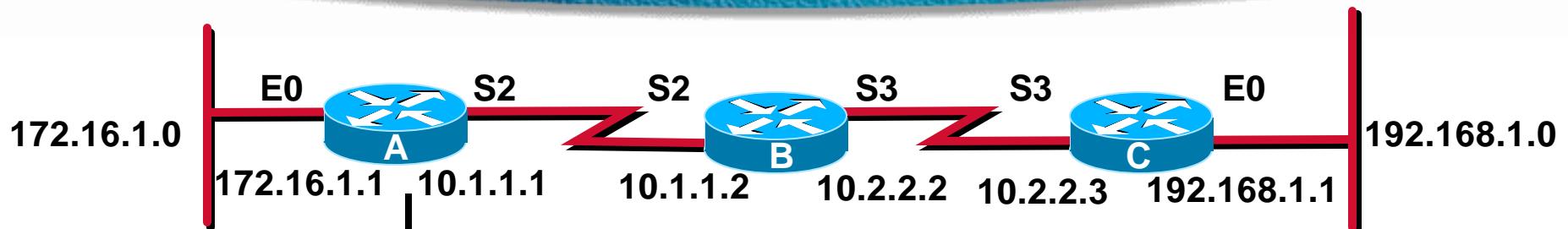
Router(config-router)#network *network-number*

- Selects participating attached networks
- The network number must be a major classful network number

RIP Configuration Example

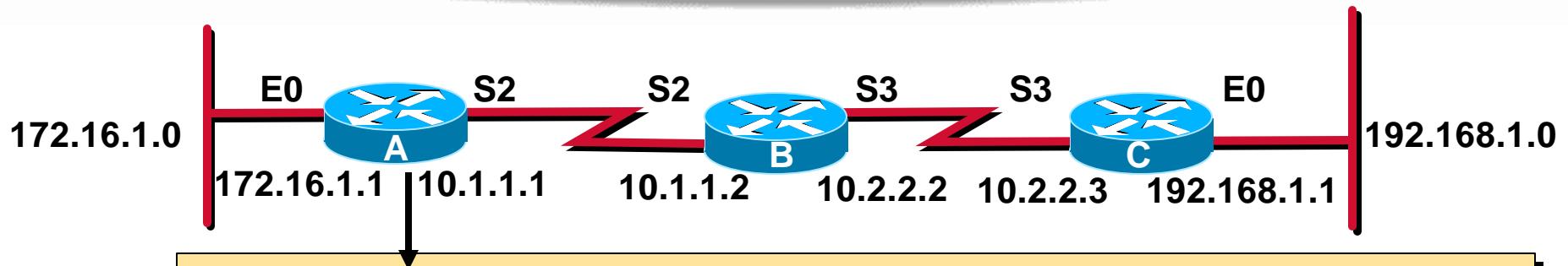


Verifying the Routing Protocol—RIP



```
RouterA#sh ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
  Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 0 seconds
  Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
  Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is
  Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is
  Redistributing: rip
  Default version control: send version 1, receive any version
    Interface      Send  Recv  Key-chain
    Ethernet0      1      1 2
    Serial2        1      1 2
  Routing for Networks:
    10.0.0.0
    172.16.0.0
  Routing Information Sources:
    Gateway      Distance      Last Update
    10.1.1.2      120          00:00:10
  Distance: (default is 120)
```

Displaying the IP Routing Table



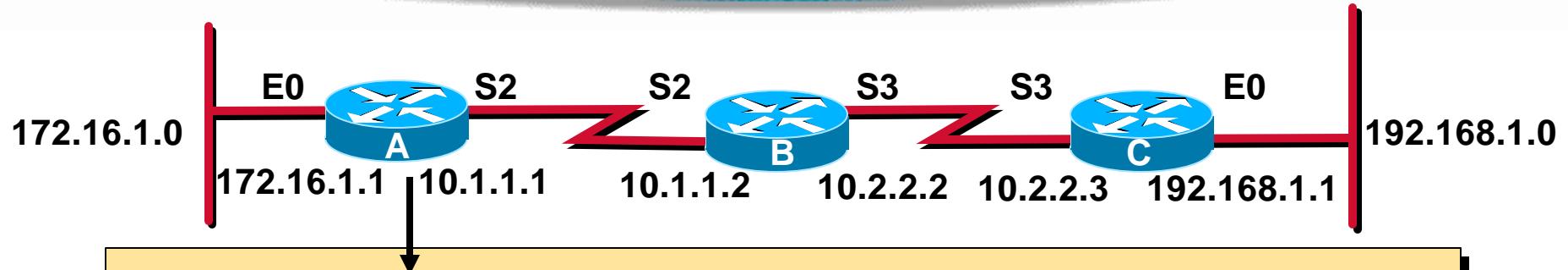
RouterA#sh ip route

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, * - candidate default
U - per-user static route, o - ODR
T - traffic engineered route

Gateway of last resort is not set

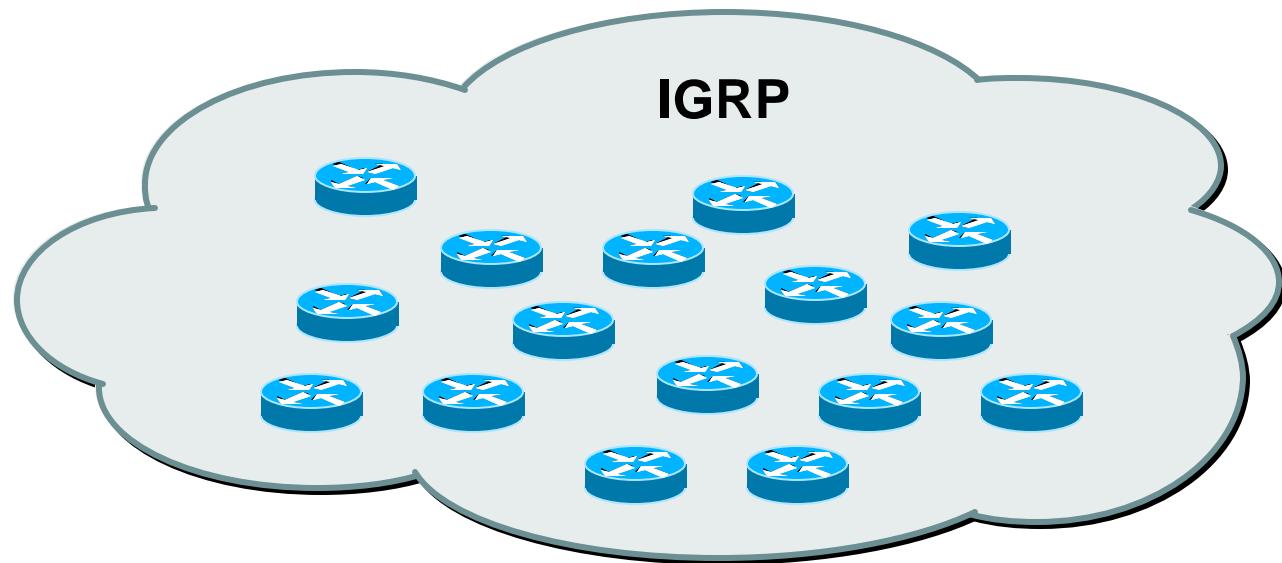
172.16.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C 172.16.1.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0
10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 2 subnets
R 10.2.2.0 [120/1] via 10.1.1.2, 00:00:07, Serial2
C 10.1.1.0 is directly connected, Serial2
R 192.168.1.0/24 [120/2] via 10.1.1.2, 00:00:07, Serial2

debug ip rip Command



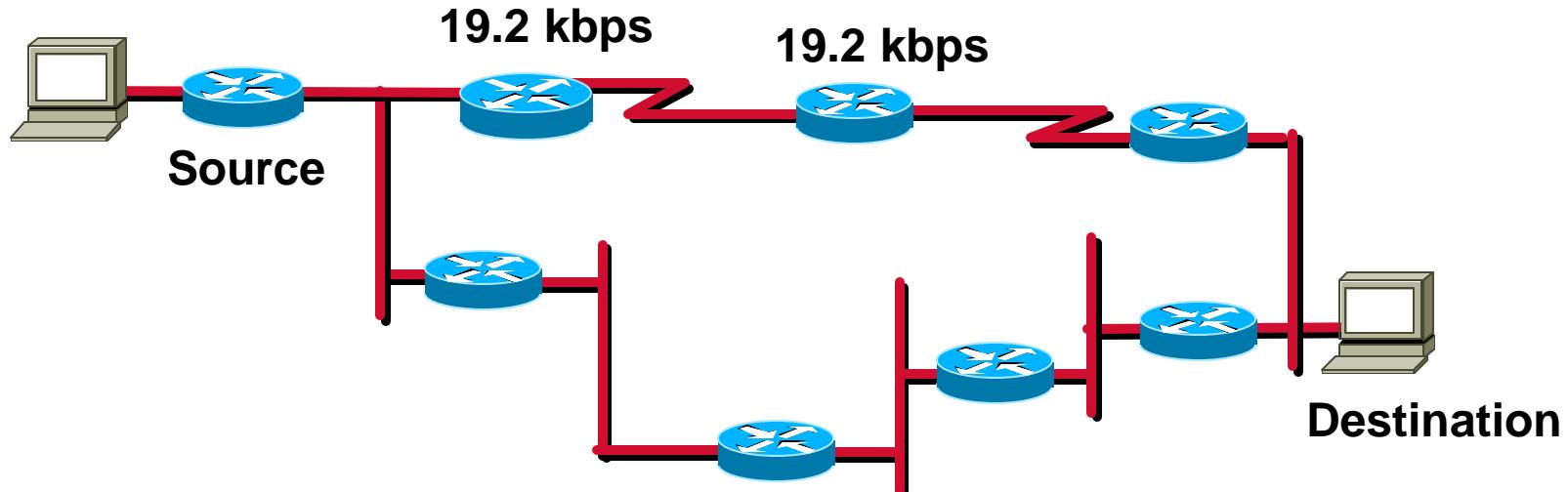
```
RouterA#debug ip rip
RIP protocol debugging is on
RouterA#
00:06:24: RIP: received v1 update from 10.1.1.2 on Serial2
00:06:24: 10.2.2.0 in 1 hops
00:06:24: 192.168.1.0 in 2 hops
00:06:33: RIP: sending v1 update to 255.255.255.255 via Ethernet0 (172.16.1.1)
00:06:34: network 10.0.0.0, metric 1
00:06:34: network 192.168.1.0, metric 3
00:06:34: RIP: sending v1 update to 255.255.255.255 via Serial2 (10.1.1.1)
00:06:34: network 172.16.0.0, metric 1
```

Introduction to IGRP



- More scalable than RIP
- Sophisticated metric
- Multiple-path support

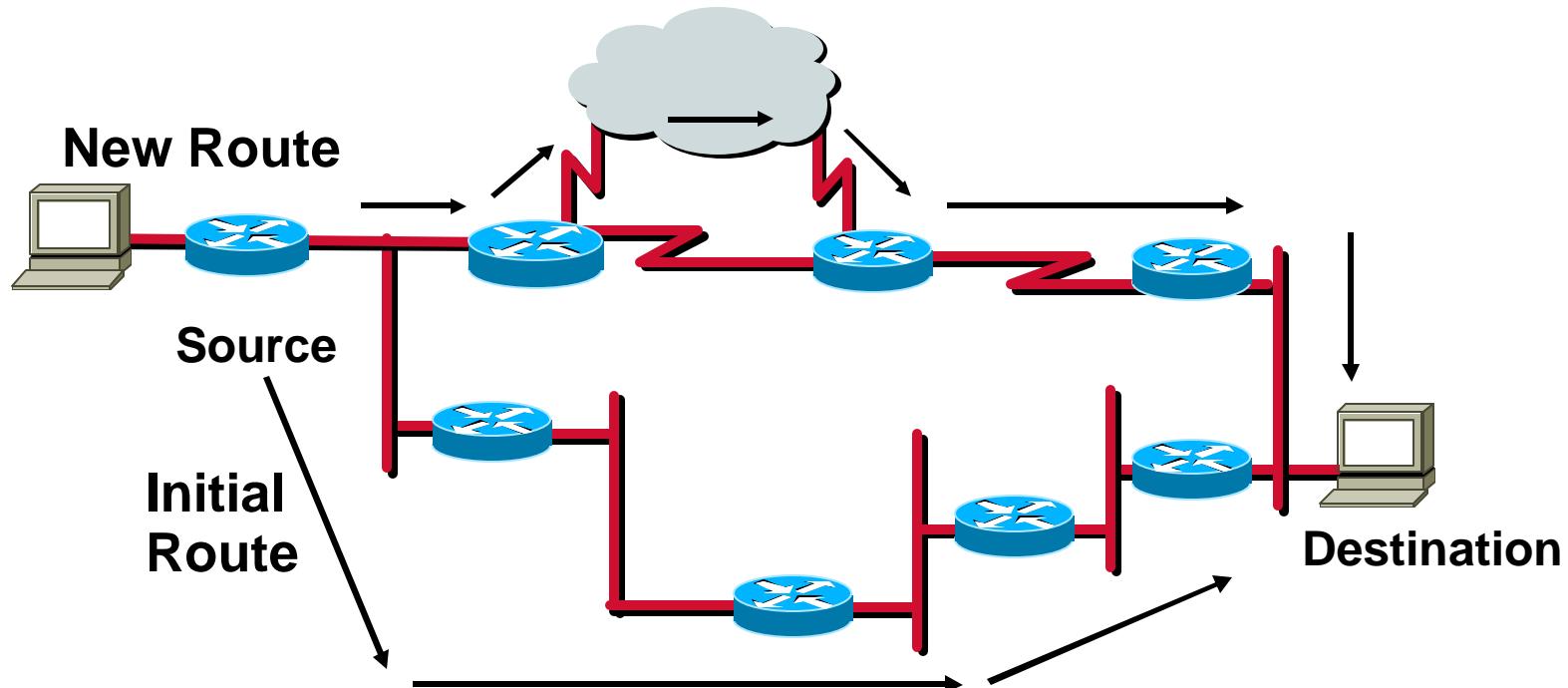
IGRP Composite Metric



- Bandwidth
- Delay
- Reliability
- Loading
- MTU

Blank Slide for Instructor Notes

IGRP Unequal Multiple Paths



- Maximum six paths (default = 4)
- Within metric variance
- Next-hop router closer to destination

Configuring IGRP

Router(config)#router igrp *autonomous-system*

- Defines IGRP as the IP routing protocol

Router(config-router)#network *network-number*

- Selects participating attached networks

Configuring IGRP (cont.)

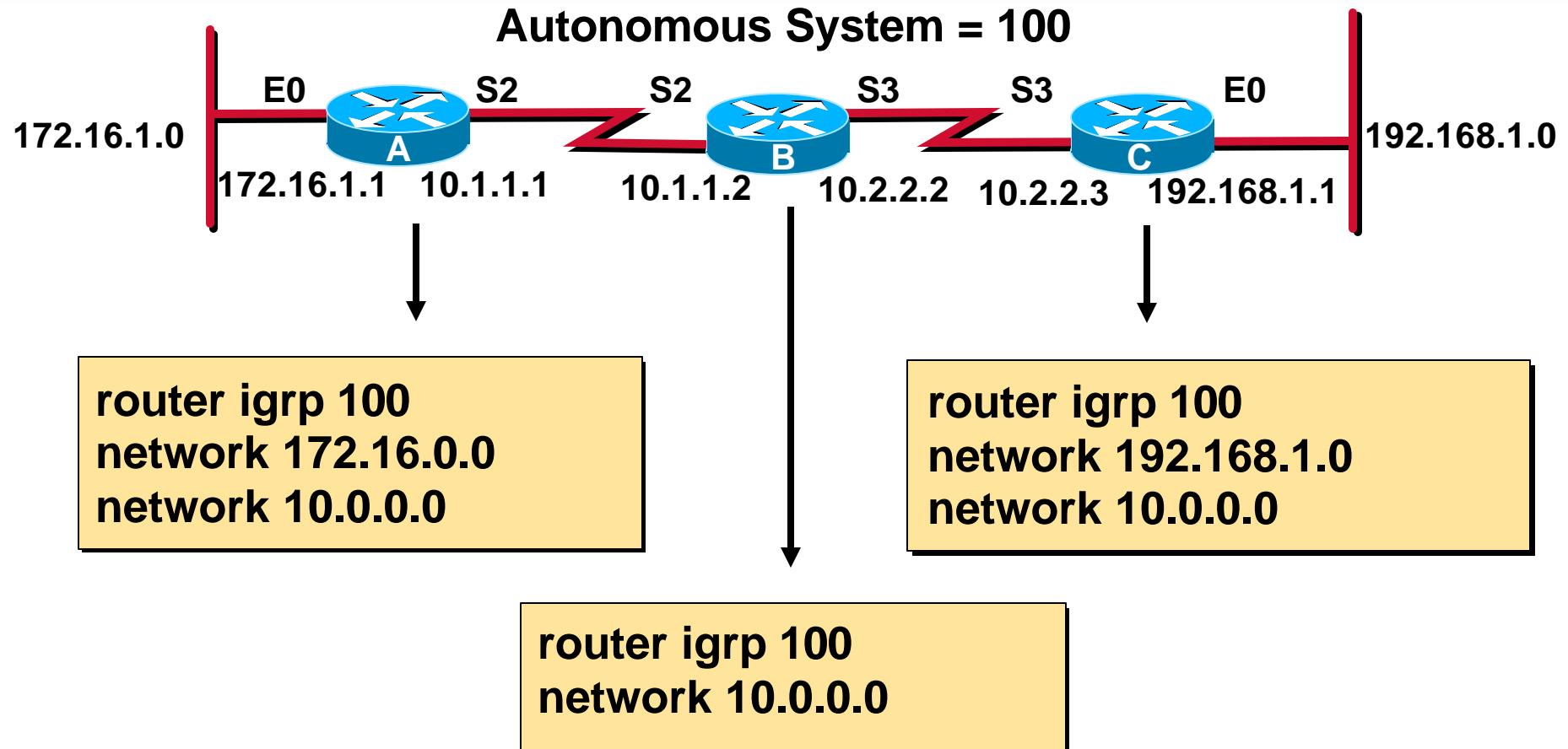
Router(config-router)#variance *multiplier*

- Control IGRP load balancing

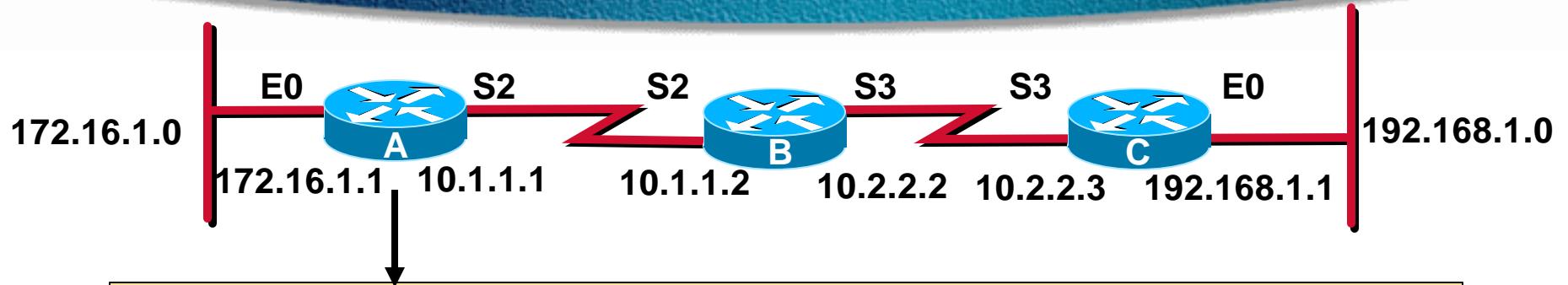
**Router(config-router)#traffic-share
{ balanced | min }**

- Control how load-balanced traffic is distributed

IGRP Configuration Example

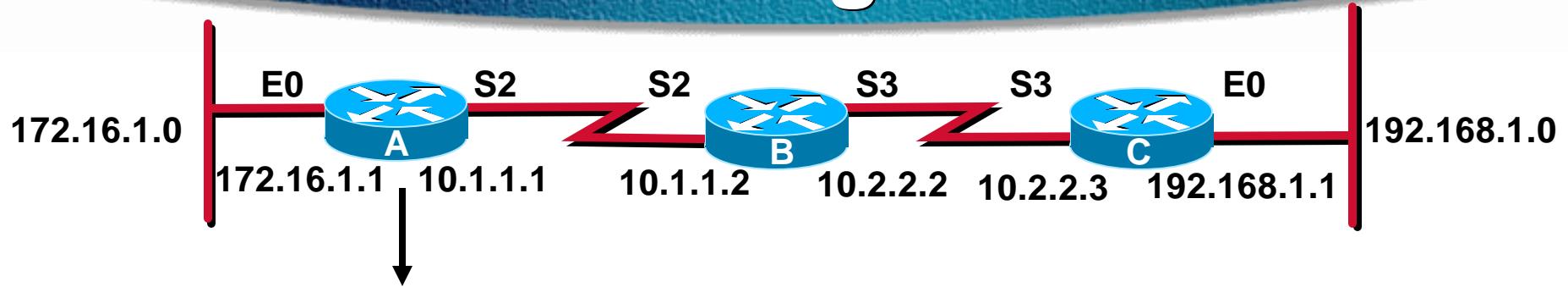


Verifying the Routing Protocol—IGRP



```
RouterA#sh ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "igrp 100"
  Sending updates every 90 seconds, next due in 21 seconds
    Invalid after 270 seconds, hold down 280, flushed after 630
    Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is
    Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is
    Default networks flagged in outgoing updates
    Default networks accepted from incoming updates
    IGRP metric weight K1=1, K2=0, K3=1, K4=0, K5=0
    IGRP maximum hopcount 100
    IGRP maximum metric variance 1
    Redistributing: igrp 100
    Routing for Networks:
      10.0.0.0
      172.16.0.0
    Routing Information Sources:
      Gateway      Distance      Last Update
      10.1.1.2      100      00:01:01
    Distance: (default is 100)
```

Displaying the IP Routing Table



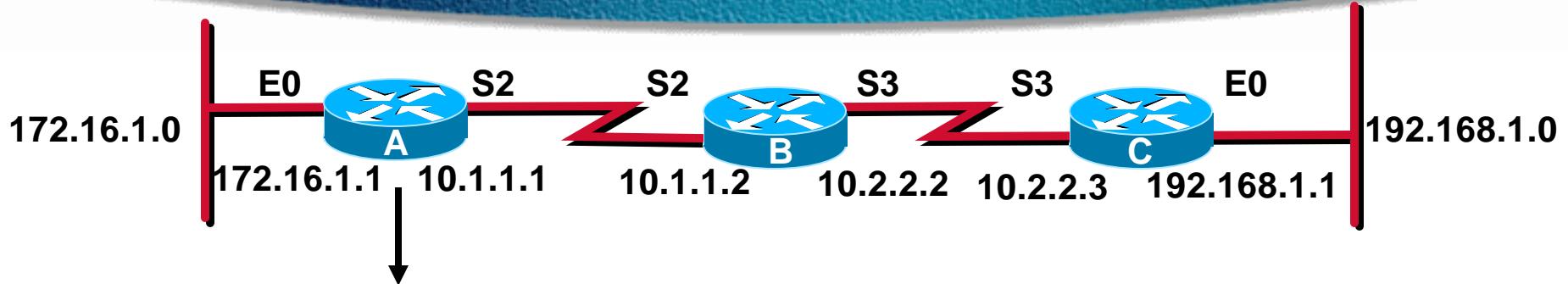
```
RouterA#sh ip route
```

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, * - candidate default
U - per-user static route, o - ODR
T - traffic engineered route

Gateway of last resort is not set

```
172.16.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C 172.16.1.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0
10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 2 subnets
I 10.2.2.0 [100/90956] via 10.1.1.2, 00:00:23, Serial2
C 10.1.1.0 is directly connected, Serial2
I 192.168.1.0/24 [100/91056] via 10.1.1.2, 00:00:23, Serial2
```

debug ip igrp transaction Command



```
RouterA#debug ip igrp transactions
```

```
IGRP protocol debugging is on
```

```
RouterA#
```

```
00:21:06: IGRP: sending update to 255.255.255.255 via Ethernet0 (172.16.1.1)
```

```
00:21:06:   network 10.0.0.0, metric=88956
```

```
00:21:06:   network 192.168.1.0, metric=91056
```

```
00:21:07: IGRP: sending update to 255.255.255.255 via Serial2 (10.1.1.1)
```

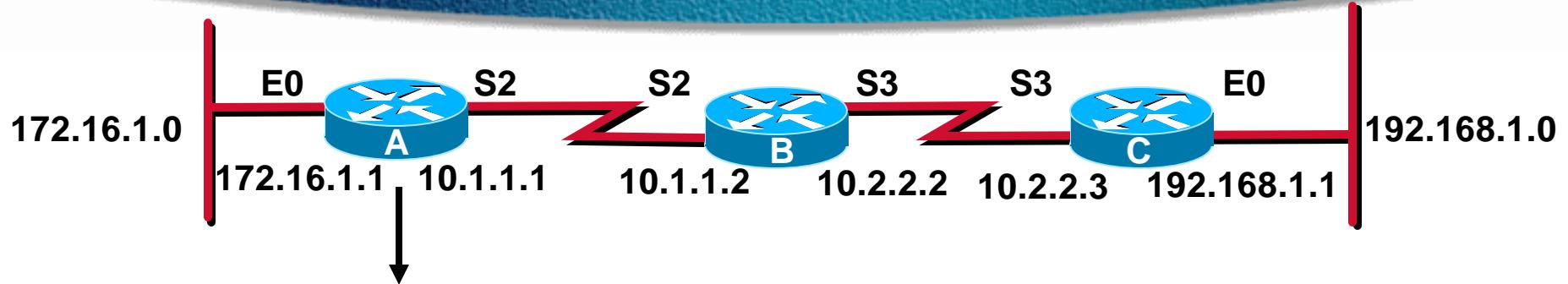
```
00:21:07:   network 172.16.0.0, metric=1100
```

```
00:21:16: IGRP: received update from 10.1.1.2 on Serial2
```

```
00:21:16:   subnet 10.2.2.0, metric 90956 (neighbor 88956)
```

```
00:21:16:   network 192.168.1.0, metric 91056 (neighbor 89056)
```

debug ip igrp events Command



```
RouterA#debug ip igrp events
```

```
IGRP event debugging is on
```

```
RouterA#
```

```
00:23:44: IGRP: sending update to 255.255.255.255 via Ethernet0 (172.16.1.1)
```

```
00:23:44: IGRP: Update contains 0 interior, 2 system, and 0 exterior routes.
```

```
00:23:44: IGRP: Total routes in update: 2
```

```
00:23:44: IGRP: sending update to 255.255.255.255 via Serial2 (10.1.1.1)
```

```
00:23:45: IGRP: Update contains 0 interior, 1 system, and 0 exterior routes.
```

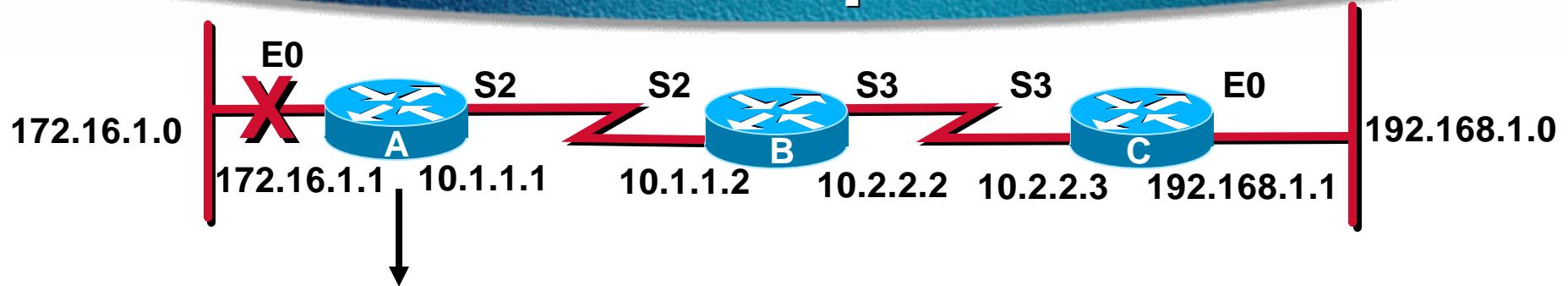
```
00:23:45: IGRP: Total routes in update: 1
```

```
00:23:48: IGRP: received update from 10.1.1.2 on Serial2
```

```
00:23:48: IGRP: Update contains 1 interior, 1 system, and 0 exterior routes.
```

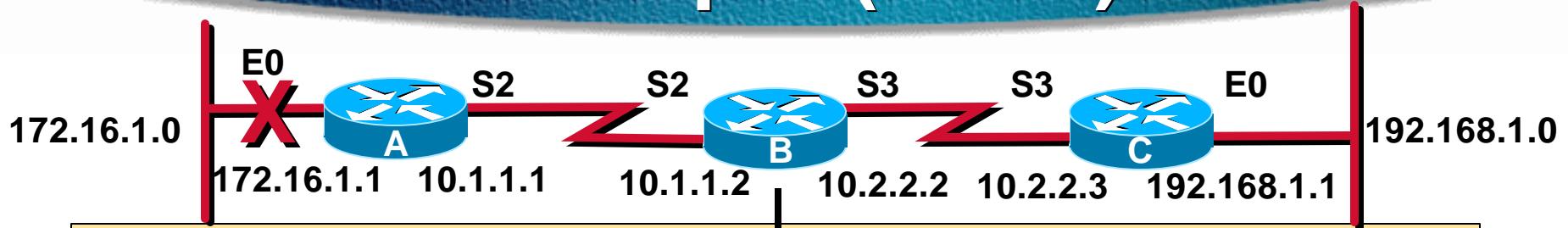
```
00:23:48: IGRP: Total routes in update: 2
```

Updating Routing Information Example



```
RouterA# debug ip igrp trans
00:31:15: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet0, changed state to down
00:31:15: IGRP: edition is now 3
00:31:15: IGRP: sending update to 255.255.255.255 via Serial2 (10.1.1.1)
00:31:15:     network 172.16.0.0, metric=4294967295
00:31:16: IGRP: Update contains 0 interior, 1 system, and 0 exterior routes.
00:31:16: IGRP: Total routes in update: 1
00:31:16: IGRP: broadcasting request on Serial2
00:31:16: IGRP: received update from 10.1.1.2 on Serial2
00:31:16:     subnet 10.2.2.0, metric 90956 (neighbor 88956)
00:31:16:     network 172.16.0.0, metric 4294967295 (inaccessible)
00:31:16:     network 192.168.1.0, metric 91056 (neighbor 89056)
00:31:16: IGRP: Update contains 1 interior, 2 system, and 0 exterior routes.
00:31:16: IGRP: Total routes in update: 3
```

Updating Routing Information Example (cont.)



```
RouterB#debug ip igrp trans  
IGRP protocol debugging is on  
RouterB#
```

```
1d19h: IGRP: sending update to 255.255.255.255 via Serial2 (10.1.1.2)
```

```
1d19h: subnet 10.2.2.0, metric=88956
```

```
1d19h: network 192.168.1.0, metric=89056
```

```
1d19h: IGRP: sending update to 255.255.255.255 via Serial3 (10.2.2.2)
```

```
1d19h: subnet 10.1.1.0, metric=88956
```

```
1d19h: network 172.16.0.0, metric=89056
```

```
1d19h: IGRP: received update from 10.1.1.1 on Serial2
```

```
1d19h: network 172.16.0.0, metric 4294967295 (inaccessible)
```

```
1d19h: IGRP: edition is now 10
```

```
1d19h: IGRP: sending update to 255.255.255.255 via Serial2 (10.1.1.2)
```

```
1d19h: subnet 10.2.2.0, metric=88956
```

```
1d19h: network 172.16.0.0, metric=4294967295
```

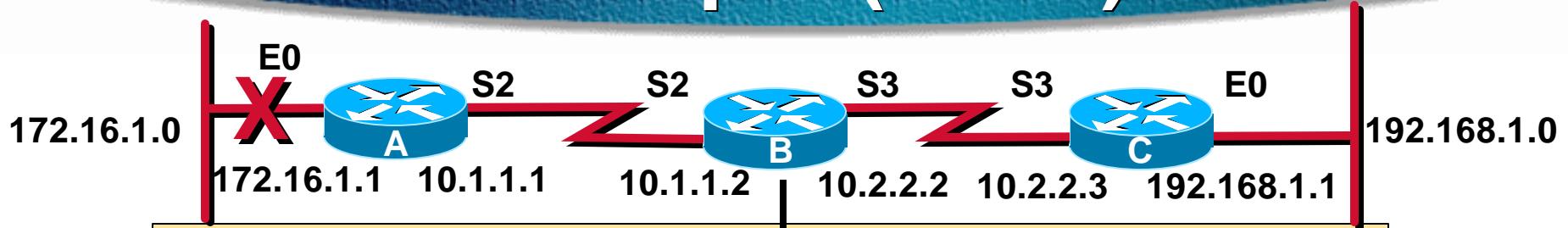
```
1d19h: network 192.168.1.0, metric=89056
```

```
1d19h: IGRP: sending update to 255.255.255.255 via Serial3 (10.2.2.2)
```

```
1d19h: subnet 10.1.1.0, metric=88956
```

```
1d19h: network 172.16.0.0, metric=4294967295
```

Updating Routing Information Example (cont.)



```
RouterB#sh ip route
```

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, * - candidate default
U - per-user static route, o - ODR
T - traffic engineered route

Gateway of last resort is not set

I 172.16.0.0/16 is possibly down, routing via 10.1.1.1, Serial2
10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 2 subnets

C 10.1.1.0 is directly connected, Serial2
C 10.2.2.0 is directly connected, Serial3

I 192.168.1.0/24 [100/89056] via 10.2.2.3, 00:00:14, Serial3

```
RouterB#ping 172.16.1.1
```

Type escape sequence to abort.

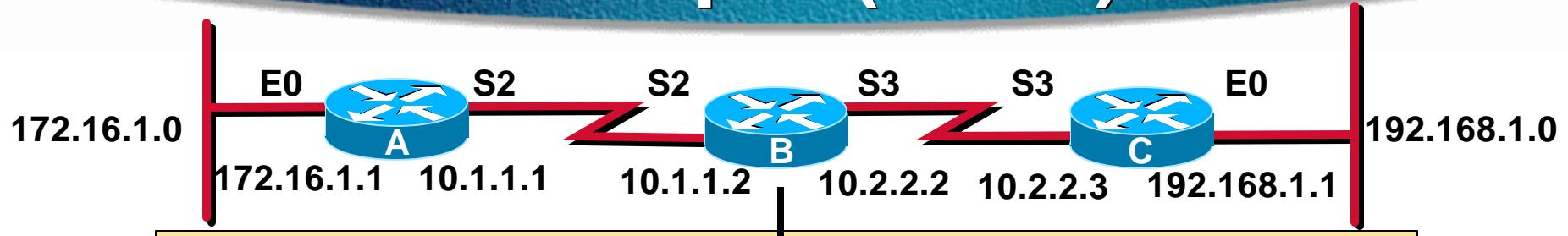
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 172.16.1.1, timeout is 2 seconds:

.....

Success rate is 0 percent (0/5)

```
RouterB#
```

Updating Routing Information Example (cont.)



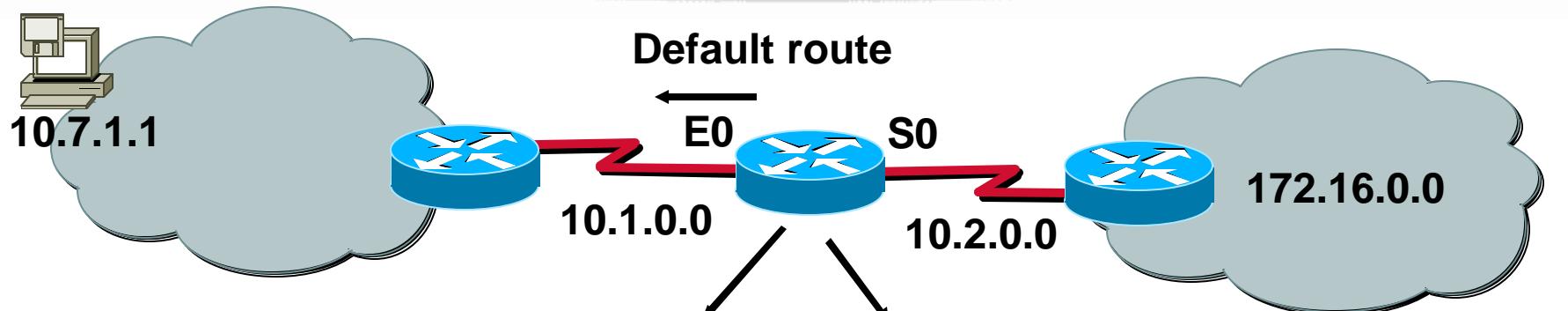
```
RouterB#debug ip igrp transactions
RouterB#
1d20h: IGRP: received update from 10.1.1.1 on Serial2
1d20h:   network 172.16.0.0, metric 89056 (neighbor 1100)
RouterB#
RouterB#sh ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
      i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, * - candidate default
      U - per-user static route, o - ODR
      T - traffic engineered route
```

Gateway of last resort is not set

```
I  172.16.0.0/16 is possibly down, routing via 10.1.1.1, Serial2
  10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 2 subnets
C    10.1.1.0 is directly connected, Serial2
C    10.2.2.0 is directly connected, Serial3
I  192.168.1.0/24 [100/89056] via 10.2.2.3, 00:00:18, Serial3
RouterB#ping 172.16.1.1
```

```
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 172.16.1.1, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 32/38/48 ms
```

ip classless Command



```
Router(config)#ip classless
```

To get to 10.7.1.1:

- With *ip classless* → Default
- With *no ip classless* → Drop

Network Protocol	Destination Network	Exit Interface
C	10.1.0.0	E0
C	10.2.0.0	S0
RIP	172.16.0.0 via 0.0.0.0	S0
		E0